

## EXERCISE SET 2 ANSWER KEY

1. **108**  $time = distance/rate = 90 \text{ miles}/50 \text{ mph} = 1.8 \text{ hours} = 1.8 \text{ hour} \times 60 \text{ min}/\text{hour} = 108 \text{ minutes.}$

2. **20** The fast car is moving ahead of the slow car at a rate of  $50 - 35 = 15 \text{ mph}$ , and so it will be 5 miles ahead after  $5 \div 15 = 1/3 \text{ hour} = 20 \text{ minutes.}$

3. **2,400** Since  $8 + 5 + 2 = 15$ , charity A receives  $8/15$  of the contribution, and charity C receives  $2/15$ . The difference is  $6/15$ , or  $2/5$ , of the total, which is  $(2/5)(\$6,000) = \$2,400.$

4. **1.5** Since the faster car is catching up to the slower car at  $60 - 50 = 10 \text{ mph}$ , it will take  $(1/4 \text{ mile})/(10 \text{ mph}) = 1/40 \text{ hours} = 60/40 \text{ minutes} = 1.5 \text{ minutes.}$

5. **20** The tank contains  $(2/3)(18) = 12 \text{ gallons}$ , and travels  $(4 \text{ hours})(60 \text{ mph}) = 240 \text{ miles}$ , so its efficiency is  $240/12 = 20 \text{ miles per gallon.}$

6. **12** With 10 gallons of gas and an efficiency of 60 miles per gallon, the car can travel  $10 \times 60 = 600 \text{ miles}$ . At 50 miles an hour this would take  $600/50 = 12 \text{ hours.}$

7. **D**  $\frac{b}{c} = \frac{b}{a} \times \frac{a}{c} = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{5}{2} = \frac{10}{3}$

8. **A** According to the ratio, the mixture is  $2/(3 + 2 + 11) = 2/16 = 1/8 \text{ violet}$ . Therefore 256 ounces of the mixture would contain  $(1/8)(256) = 32 \text{ ounces of violet paint.}$

9. **C** If the pool is  $1/4$  full, it requires  $(3/4)(20,000) = 15,000 \text{ more gallons.}$

$$15,000 \text{ gallons} \times \frac{m \text{ minutes}}{g \text{ gallons}} \times \frac{d \text{ dollars}}{1 \text{ minute}}$$

$$= \frac{15,000 \text{ md}}{g} \text{ dollars.}$$

10. **B** Let  $x =$  the distance, in miles, from home to work. Since  $time = distance/rate$ , it takes Yael  $x/40$  hours to get to work and  $x/24$  hours to get home.

$$\frac{x}{40} + \frac{x}{24} = 2$$

Simplify:

$$\frac{x}{15} = 2$$

Multiply by 15:

$$x = 30 \text{ miles}$$

11. **B** The tortoise would take  $d/b$  hours to complete the race, and the hare would take  $d/a$  hours to complete the race, so the tortoise would take  $\frac{d}{a} - \frac{d}{b} = \frac{ad}{ab} - \frac{bd}{ab} = \frac{ad - bd}{ab}$  hours longer.

12. **30** Together they can edit  $700 + 500 = 1,200$  words per minute, so in 20 minutes they can edit

$$20 \text{ minutes} \times \frac{1,200 \text{ words}}{1 \text{ minute}} \times \frac{1 \text{ page}}{800 \text{ words}} = 30 \text{ pages}$$

13. **75** If the printer can print 5 pages in 20 seconds, it can print 15 pages in 1 minute, and therefore  $15 \times 5 = 75 \text{ pages in 5 minutes.}$

14. **9** Since 45 minutes is  $3/4$  hour, Diego's daily commute is  $40 \times 3/4 = 30 \text{ miles}$ . If he traveled at 50 mph it would take him  $30/50 = 3/5 \text{ hours} = 36 \text{ minutes}$ , so he would save  $45 - 36 = 9 \text{ minutes.}$

15. **3/10 or 0.3**

$$\frac{2a}{3b} \times \frac{2b}{c} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{2}{1}$$

Simplify:

$$\frac{4a}{3c} = \frac{2}{5}$$

Multiply by  $3/4$ :

$$\frac{a}{c} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{10}$$

16. **36** Pick a convenient length for the race, such as 180 miles (which is a multiple of both 30 and 45). The first half of the race would therefore be 90 miles, which would take  $90 \text{ miles} \div 30 \text{ mph} = 3 \text{ hours}$ , and the second half would take  $90 \text{ miles} \div 45 \text{ mph} = 2 \text{ hours}$ . Therefore, the entire race would take  $3 + 2 = 5 \text{ hours}$ , and the cyclist's average speed would therefore be  $180 \text{ miles} \div 5 \text{ hours} = 36 \text{ miles per hour.}$

17. **1.2 or 6/5** Anne's rate is  $1/2$  room per hour, and Barbara's rate is  $1/3$  room per hour, so together their rate is  $1/3 + 1/2 = 5/6$  room per hour. Therefore, painting one room should take  $(1 \text{ room})/(5/6 \text{ room per hour}) = 6/5 \text{ hours.}$

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18. C  $\frac{0.25 \text{ mile}}{45 \text{ seconds}} \times \frac{3,600 \text{ seconds}}{1 \text{ hour}} = 20 \text{ mph}$

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19. B In order to arrive on time, it would have to travel the  $d$  miles in  $t - 3$  hours, which would require a speed of  $d/(t - 3)$  mph.

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20. D  $\frac{3 \text{ miles}}{x + y + z \text{ minutes}} \times \frac{60 \text{ minutes}}{1 \text{ hour}} = \frac{180}{x + y + z} \text{ mph}$

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21. B Sylvia traveled at  $315/9 = 35$  miles per hour. If she had traveled at  $35 + 10 = 45$  miles per hour, she would have arrived in  $315/45 = 7$  hours, thereby saving 2 hours.